GUYDER HURLEY

HUDSON HOUSING AUTHORITY

Hudson, Massachusetts

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS – (Continued)

	Page
	1 age
Required Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress	34
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	35
Schedule of Contributions	36
Notes to Required Supplemental Information	37
Supplemental Information	
Supplemental Financial Data Schedule	39
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2017	43
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	44
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Report And Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Pr Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Gui	rogram and Report on dance47
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2017	49
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	50



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Hudson Housing Authority, Hudson, MA, as of September 30, 2017, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Hudson Housing Authority's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hudson Housing Authority, as of September 30, 2017, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplemental information presented on pages 34 through 37, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements. The supplemental information presented on pages 39 through 42, as listed in the table of contents, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information presented on pages 39 through 42 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information presented on pages 39 through 42 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have issued our report dated May 23, 2018 on our consideration of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Braintree, Massachusetts

May 23, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2017

As management of the Hudson Housing Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,937,874 (net position).
- The net position of the Authority consisted of Net Invested in Capital Assets in the amount of \$3,613,510, Unrestricted Net Position in the amount of \$(680,163), and Restricted Net Position of \$4,527.
- The Authority's cash and investments at September 30, 2016 was \$1,274,192.
- The Authority had total revenues of \$2,590,631, and program expenses (inclusive of depreciation expense) of \$2,771,114 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY

The Authority was created in 1962 to provide and promote safe and sanitary housing for low-income persons residing in Hudson, MA. The Authority is a municipal corporation located in Hudson, MA as was established under Chapter 121B of the State Statutes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's financial statements consist of two parts -1) management's discussion and analysis, which is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements, and 2) the Authority's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government—wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Authority is considered by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) to be a special purpose government accounted for as enterprise funds. Its chartered purpose is the housing of low and moderate income families and elderly individuals. All of the activities, programs and grants administered by the Authority are focused for that purpose.

As a single purpose enterprise fund government the Authority is permitted to issue combined entity level and fund level financial statements. These statements report financial information for each of the Authority's funds and a combined total of all funds that represents the Authority wide financial position. The following is a brief description of each financial statement.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2017

Statement of Net Position

- The Statement of Net Position is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and provides information relating to all financial and capital resources for the Authority as of the reporting date and related debts and other liabilities. The Statement of Net Position is presented in a format where assets equal liabilities plus net assets. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity, and are classified as "Current" (those which are reasonably expected to be realized in cash or sold or consumed during the normal operating cycle of the business), and "Non-current."
- Net position (formerly equity) represent the cumulative effect of revenue and expenses. It is also the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported in three broad categories:

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire authority

Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the assets by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

- This statement is similar to an Income Statement. This statement includes operating revenues, such as rental income; operating expenses, such as administrative, utilities, maintenance and depreciation; and non-operating revenue and expenses, such as grant revenue, investment income and interest expense and capital contributions and operating transfers.
- The focus of this Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position is the "Change in Net Position," which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Statement of Cash Flows

• The Statement of Cash Flows shows the sources and amounts from which the Authority received cash such as income from tenants, income from grants, loans, etc. and the items and amounts for which cash was used such as payments to vendors and contractors, payments to employees, repayment of loans, etc. The statement is divided into four major sections: operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. The statement functions down to the net increase or decrease in the Authority's cash accounts for the reporting period.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2017

Authority Funds

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The programs of the Authority has one fund and the programs are as follows:

Low Rent Public Housing – Under this program the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by the HUD via operating grants.

Public Housing Capital Fund – HUD provides grant funds to authorities with Low Rent Public Housing units on a formula basis. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the Low Rent Public Housing Program. A portion of Capital funds may also be used to support operations and to make improvements in the management and operation of the Authority.

Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher – HUD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a predetermined payment standard.

State and Local Programs – The Authority operates the following state and local programs:

State Consolidated Housing and State Chapter 705 Housing – Under these programs the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from Massachusetts Department of Housing & Community Development (DHCD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by the DHCD via operating grants.

State Chapter 689 Housing – Under this program the Authority owns operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from DHCD. The building is generally rented to a non-profit corporation who provides health and human resource needs to mentally disabled individuals.

Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program - DHCD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program, qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenants share of the rent not to exceed a contract amount.

State Modernization Program – DHCD provides grant funds to authorities with State Consolidated units based on the Authority's application and determination of need. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the State Consolidated Housing Program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2017

AN OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY – WIDE FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATIONS

The Authority's overall financial position and operations for the past two years are summarized on the following pages based on the information included in the current and prior financial statements.

The Authority's total financial position at September 30, 2017 were \$2,937,874.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of September 30, 2017, the Authority's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities was \$3,613,510 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings, improvements, equipment, and computers.

CAPITAL ASSET ANALYSIS September 30, 2017 and 2016

NAME OF THE PARTY	<u>2017</u>	2016	Change	% Change
Land Buildings Furniture and equipment Construction in progress	\$ 314,195 12,567,478 144,703 113,158	\$ 314,195 12,332,666 135,470 21,211	\$ 234,812 9,233 91,947	0.00% 1.90% 6.82% 433.49%
Total capital assets	13,139,534	12,803,542	335,992	2.62%
Accumulated depreciation Capital assets, net of accumulated	(9,526,024)	(9,132,480)	(393,544)	4.31%
depreciation	\$ 3,613,510	\$ 3,671,062	\$ (57,552)	-1.57%

LONG-TERM DEBT

The Authority had no outstanding debt as of September 30, 2017.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the 2018 fiscal year:

- Administrative Fee Subsidies for the Housing Choice Voucher Program are expected to only be funded at 76%.
- Increased costs of Employer Health Insurance, Employer Retirement Contributions, Workers Compensation and Fire and Liability Insurance, continue to rise at unprecedented rates.
- The allowable spending "cap" by DHCD is 10% increase.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2017

FUTURE EVENTS THAT WILL FINANCIALLY IMPACT THE AUTHORITY

Funding cuts during the next fiscal year by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) along with sharp cost increases will have an impact on the State Housing in the future.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, Hudson Housing Authority, 8 Brigham Circle, Hudson, MA 01749.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2017 and 2016

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	Change	% Change
Current Assets Capital Assets Other Noncurrent Assets	\$ 1,332,332 3,613,510 60,980	\$ 1,241,029 3,671,062 64,411	\$ 91,303 (57,552) (3,431)	7.36% -1.57% -5.33%
Total Assets	5,006,822	4,976,502	30,320	0.61%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	244,452	162,564	81,888	50.37%
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	388,086 1,816,563	282,776 1,701,900	105,310 114,663	37.24% 6.74%
Total Liabilities	2,204,649	1,984,676	219,973	11.08%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	108,751	36,033	72,718	201.81%
Net Invested in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	3,613,510 4,527 (680,163)	3,671,062 9,828 (562,533)	(57,552) (5,301) (117,630)	-1.57% -53.94% 20.91%
Total Net Position	\$ 2,937,874	\$ 3,118,357	\$ (180,483)	-5.79%

- Restricted net position decreased due to HAP activity.
- Non-current liabilities increased due to GASB 68.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2017

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

Revenue		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	9	<u>Change</u>	% Change
Operating Revenues Non-operating Revenues	\$	2,384,608 206,023	\$	2,469,796 534,898	\$	(85,188) (328,875)	-3.45% -61.48%
Total Revenues		2,590,631		3,004,694		(414,063)	-13.78%
Expenses							
Housing assistance payments		1,012,991		1,012,609		382	0.04%
Repair and maintenance		537,838		534,505		3,333	0.62%
Administration		480,231		500,121		(19,890)	-3.98%
Depreciation expense		427,777		407,782		19,995	4.90%
Utilities		222,026		229,105		(7,079)	-3.09%
Insurance expense		48,998		49,130		(132)	-0.27%
Other general expenses	_	41,253	-	44,455		(3,202)	-7.20%
Total Expenses		2,771,114	1.0	2,777,707	. 7.3	(6,593)	-0.24%
Change in Net Position		(180,483)		226,987		(407,470)	-179.51%
Net Position - Beginning of Year		3,118,357	_	2,891,370		226,987	7.85%
Net Position - End of Year	\$	2,937,874	\$	3,118,357	\$	(180,483)	-5.79%

Revenues decreased due to decreased federal/state grants received for capital improvements in 2017.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **September 30, 2017**

ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents - Note 4	\$ 1,204,851
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - Notes 4 & 5	8,361
Accounts receivable, net - Note 6	83,104
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	36,016
Total Current Assets	1,332,332
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - Notes 4 & 5	60,980
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation - Note 8	3,613,510
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,674,490
Total Assets	5,006,822
	3,000,022
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - Note 11	244,452
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	2,802
Accounts payable, other government	126,260
Accrued wages and current portion of compensated abser	nces 28,977
Other current liabilities	78,595
Other accrued expenses	112,744
Unearned revenue	30,347
Tenant security deposits	8,361
Total Current Liabilities	388,086
0.49,000	388,080
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Other noncurrent liabilities - Note 9	56,453
Accrued pension - Notes 9 & 11	1,432,641
OPEB liability - Notes 9 & 12	327,469
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,816,563
a was a second constant of a second s	1,810,505
Total Liabilities	2,204,649
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - Note 11	108,751
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	2 (12 512
Restricted:	3,613,510
HAP - Note 3	
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,527
Cinconicted (deficit)	(680,163)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,937,874

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES HUD grants and contributions Tenant rental income Other government grants and contributions Other revenue Total Operating Revenues		\$ 1,079,795 1,034,511 240,803 29,499 2,384,608
OPERATING EXPENSES Housing assistance payments Repair and maintenance Administration Depreciation expense Utilities Insurance expense Other general expenses Total Operating Expenses		1,012,991 537,838 480,231 427,777 222,026 48,998 41,253 2,771,114
Operating Loss NONOPERATING REVENUES		(386,506)
Gain on sale of capital assets Interest and investment revenue	y	5,000 56
Total Nonoperating Revenues		5,056
Loss before Capital Contributions and Transfers		(381,450)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS Other government capital grants and contributions Total Capital Contributions and Transfers		200,967 200,967
Change in Net Position		(180,483)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		3,118,357
Net Position - End of Year		\$ 2,937,874

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
HUD grants	\$	1,079,795
Other government grants		272,065
Receipts from tenants		1,028,701
Other operating receipts		26,726
Payments to employees		(566,298)
Payments to suppliers	-a -1 0	(1,608,318)
Net cash provided by operating activities		232,671
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Other government capital grants		172 250
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		173,358
Acquisitions of capital assets		5,000 (370,225)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(101.967)
		(191,867)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends received	1 255e	56
Net cash provided by investing activities	- 100	56
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		40,860
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	d Bou	1,233,332
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,274,192
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating Loss	\$	(386,506)
Adjustments:	φ	(380,300)
Depreciation 7		427,777
Change in assets and liabilities:		421,111
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, tenants		(2,936)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, other		(3,081)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, other government		(11,298)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets		(2,088)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		(2,415)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable, other government		910
(Decrease) increase in compensated absences and accrued wages		1,480
(Decrease) increase in accrued pension liability		24,209
(Decrease) increase in OPEB liability		79,414
(Decrease) increase in accrued expenses and other current liabilities		92,256
(Decrease) increase in tenant security deposits		400
(Decrease) increase in unearned operating revenue	x y L / x	14,549
Net cash provided by operating activities	•	
of the state of operating activities	\$	232,671

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

The Hudson Housing Authority (the Authority) was incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Authority operates under a board of commissioner form of government to provide safe and decent housing to low and moderate income families and elderly individuals.

The Authority maintains its accounting records by program and operates the following programs:

Low Rent Public Housing – This program accounts for all activities relating to the leasing and operation of apartments in buildings that were constructed and are owned by the Authority. These units are rented to low income families and low income elderly, disabled, and special needs individuals. The properties were constructed with grants and or loans provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Authority receives grants from HUD to subsidize operating deficits. Tenants are charged rents based on a percentage of their income.

<u>Public Housing Capital Fund</u> – HUD provides grant funds to authorities with Low Rent Public Housing units on a formula basis. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the Low Rent Public Housing Program. A portion of these funds may also be used to support operations and to make improvements in the management and operation of the Authority.

<u>Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher</u>— HUD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program, qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a predetermined payment standard.

State and Local Programs - The Authority operates the following state and local programs:

<u>State Consolidated and State Chapter 705 Housing</u> – Under these programs, the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from Massachusetts Department of Housing & Community Development (DHCD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by DHCD via operating grants.

State Chapter 689 Housing – Under this program, the Authority owns operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from DHCD. The building is generally rented to a non-profit corporation who provides health and human resource needs to mentally disabled individuals.

Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP) — DHCD provides grants to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority subsidizes the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a contract amount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION – (Continued)

<u>State Modernization Program</u> – DHCD provides grant funds to authorities with State Consolidated units based on the Authority's application and determination of need. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the State Consolidated Housing Program.

<u>Business Activities</u> – This program was established in order for the Authority to own, rehabilitate and rent residential dwelling units to low and moderate income families.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Authority's financial statements include the accounts of all of the Authority's operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Authority's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the Authority holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the Authority appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the Authority is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Authority
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Authority

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Authority has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Authority is a special-purpose government entity engaged only in business-type activities and, as such, the financial statements are presented as a single enterprise fund.

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments ("GASB 34") and GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position ("GASB 63"). GASB 34 and GASB 63 require the basic financial statements to be prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and requires the presentation of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. GASB 34 requires the Authority to include Management's Discussion and Analysis as part of the Required Supplementary Information. GASB 63 requires the Authority to report deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting - (Continued)

The Authority's primary source of nonexchange revenue relates to grants and subsidies. Grants and subsidies revenue is recognized at the time eligible program expenditures occur and/or the Authority has complied with the grant and subsidy requirements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*. Grants received in advance of expenditures are recorded as a liability until earned.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

During 2017, the Authority adopted the following accounting standards:

GASB 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB 72 provides guidance on determining fair value measurement and the applicable disclosure requirements. This statement requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurement, the level of fair value hierarchy and valuation techniques. GASB 72 also requires donated capital assets to be measured at acquisition value.

GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, improves financial reporting and comparability of financial statement information among governments by providing clear guidance on how to apply financial reporting guidance. There was no impact to the Authority's financial statements as a result of implementing this statement.

GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. There was no impact to the Authority's financial statements as a result of implementing this statement.

GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. There was no impact to the Authority's financial statements as a result of implementing this statement.

GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*, improves financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.

New Accounting Standards to be Adopted in Future Years

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to employees of state and local governmental employers. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting – (Continued)

New Accounting Standards to be Adopted in Future Years – (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, will address certain issues that have been raised regarding GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

The Authority's management is currently evaluating these new standards to determine what impact they will have on the Authority.

C. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit with financial institutions and other debt securities that are readily convertible into cash and purchased with original maturities of three months or less. Also included in cash equivalents are non-negotiable certificates of deposits, recorded at cost in accordance with GASB 31.

E. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable from tenants are carried at the original amount billed less an estimate made for doubtful accounts based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts receivable. Accounts receivable from tenants are written off with board approval when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts receivable previously written off are recorded when received. Allowances for other non-tenant receivables are reviewed annually. See Note 6 for details of accounts receivable and allowances at year end.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, furniture, equipment and machinery with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Capital Assets – (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 30-40 years
Land and Building Improvements 15-20 years
Furniture, Equipment and Machinery 3-10 years

G. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave accrues from 2 to 5 weeks per year based on years of service. An employee may carry unused vacation leave to the following year of up to 5 days. The Authority's policy does not allow employees to accumulate any sick leave. Total accrued compensated absences at September 30, 2017 aggregated \$8,602.

H. Operating Revenues and Expenses

GASB 34 paragraph 102 requires governments to establish a policy that defines operating revenues and expenses. The Authority uses the criteria prescribed in GASB 9 paragraphs 17 and 18 for cash flows to determine operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenue includes operating grants and subsidies, rental income, management services provided and all other revenue relating to the provision of safe, decent and affordable housing services that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing, non-capital and related financing or investing activities. Operating expenses include wages, housing assistance payments, utilities, maintenance, depreciation of capital assets, administrative expenses and all other expenses relating to the provision of safe, decent and affordable housing services that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing, non-capital and related financing or investing activities.

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement system and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 3 – NET POSITION: RESTRICTED

At September 30, 2017, restrictions of \$4,527, represent the net position restricted by HUD related to the Housing Choice Voucher Program to be used for future HAP payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENT DEPOSITS

GASB standards require that cash and investment deposits with financial institutions be classified into one of the following four categories:

Category A - Insured

Category B - Collateralized, with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.

Category C – Collateralized, with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category D-Non-collateralized (Includes any bank balance collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.)

The Authority has adopted HUD's Investment Regulation PIH 1996-33 as its investment policy. HUD regulations require that all HUD deposits in financial institutions and investments be fully insured or collateralized, (category A, B or C) by U.S. Government obligations that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The policy also requires that investments not have a maturity period longer than three years.

Custodial Credit Risk - Cash Deposits

In the case of cash deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk, except ensuring that it follows the HUD regulations for federal deposits as detailed in a prior paragraph. At September 30, 2017, the Authority's cash deposits of \$1,274,192 were fully insured or collateralized.

The Authority notes that in accordance with GASB 40, the disclosures for all types of cash deposits with a financial institution, whether categorized as cash and cash equivalents or as investments are the same and have been reported and disclosed accordingly in the previous section of the note.

NOTE 5 - RESTRICTIONS ON CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority's restricted cash and cash equivalents balance consists of funds restricted for future HAP payments, funds held in escrow for tenant organizations, as well as funds designated for tenant security deposits. These amounts support either a corresponding liability or restricted net position. At September 30, 2017, restricted cash was categorized as follows:

Category of Restriction	<u> </u>	Amount
HAP Reserves	\$	4,527
Program Restrictions		56,453
Tenant Security Deposits		8,361
Total	\$	69,341

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The following is a detail listing of receivables for the Authority including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts at September 30, 2017.

Category of Receivable	Amount
Other Government	\$ 73,568
Miscellaneous	862,927
Tenants	 10,449
Gross Receivables	946,944
Allowance - Tenants	(5,325)
Allowance - Other	 (858,515)
Net Receivables	\$ 83,104

NOTE 7 – JUDGMENT RECEIVABLE

In July of 2013, a judgment was made in favor of the Authority in a breach of contract action against Coolidge Greene, LLC (the Company). The Authority, in its role as monitoring agent, had sought damages related to noncompliance in the Company's development of the 30 unit property known as Coolidge Greene Apartments. In a written stipulation dated July 16, 2013, the Authority was awarded \$616,543 in damages, with interest from May 2, 2011 to July 16, 2013 in the amount of \$163,377, together with attorney's fees in the sum of \$63,152 and additional expenses of \$15,443. The Authority has recorded a receivable of \$858,515, has fully reserved against the entire balance due to the uncertainty of collection, and has recorded a current liability of \$78,595 for the fees owed to the attorney. As of September 30, 2017, the Authority has not received payments related to this judgment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets and related accumulated depreciation.

	9/30/2016	Increases	Decreases	9/30/2017
Capital assets not being depreciated		tit arkillaren er		(1, 25 V) 538 3
Land	\$ 314,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 314,195
Construction in Progress	21,211	326,759	(234,812)	113,158
Total capital assets not being depreciated	335,406	326,759	(234,812)	427,353
Other Capital Assets				
Buildings	12,332,666	234,812		12,567,478
Furniture, equipment & machinery	135,470	43,466	(34,233)	144.703
Total other capital assets	12,468,136	278,278	(34,233)	12,712,181
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	9,049,757	408,531		9,458,288
Furniture, equipment & machinery	82,723	19,246	(34,233)	67,736
Total accumulated depreciation	9,132,480	427,777	(34,233)	9,526,024
Capital Assets Net	\$ 3,671,062	\$ 177,260	\$ (234,812)	\$ 3,613,510
Depreciation expense was charged to:				
Low Rent		\$ 270,539		
State/Local		\$ 148,575		
Business Activities		\$ 8,663		

NOTE 9 - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 is as follows:

	9/30/2016	<u>A</u>	dditions	<u>R</u>	eductions	ount due n one year	odt.	9/30/2017
Pension Accrual OPEB Liability	\$ 1,399,262 248,055	\$	33,379 114,105	\$	(34,691)	\$ a ve bar Sakivskih Vinceri a	\$	1,432,641 327,469
Total	\$ 1,658,939	\$	168,484	\$	(58,711)	\$ (8,602)	\$	1,760,110

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 10 - REAL ESTATE TAXES

Property owned by the Authority is exempt from local real estate taxes. The Authority makes a payment in lieu of taxes equal to 10% of rental income charged less utility expenses annually for all of its properties constructed with and funded by HUD. State funded scattered site units make payments in lieu of real estate taxes equal to ½ of the Municipality's tax rate plus \$100 multiplied by the number of available bedrooms. State funded family properties make payments in lieu of real estate taxes equal to \$3 per unit per month. The payment in lieu of taxes for the year ended \$20, 2017 aggregated \$34,684.

NOTE 11 – COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description and Membership

The Authority provides pension benefits to certain employees through the Middlesex County Retirement System (MCRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system regulated by Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC). The plan is a defined benefit plan. Participation is mandatory for all full time employees of the Authority. The retirement plan is a pooled risk type of plan. Under this type of plan, funding is determined based on all employees covered for all employing units. The funding liabilities are shared by each employing unit pro-rata based on the number of employees in the employing unit. Since the Authority's share of pension liability is not based on their employees, pension expense is determined by the total required payment to be made to the retirement plan for the year. The MCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to MCRS, 25 Linnell Circle, Billerica, MA 01865 or by calling (978) 439-3000.

B. Significant Plan Provisions and Requirements

State law establishes benefit provisions and contribution requirements of the MCRS. Employees who have at least 10 years of longevity and have attained 55 years of age are eligible to receive retirement benefits. Retired employees receive an allowance based upon the average of their three highest consecutive salary years of service multiplied by (1) the number of years and full months of creditable service at the time of retirement and (2) a percentage based on age at retirement in accordance with a schedule provided by state law. Assuming normal retirement at age 65, this percentage is 2.5%, which is reduced for individuals who retire prior to age 65 to reflect the longer payout period. Employees may elect early retirement after 20 years of service or at any time after attaining age 55 with 10 years of eligible service. Plan members who become permanently and totally disabled may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance. The amount of benefits to be received depends on several factors, including the member's age, compensation, veteran status, years of creditable service, and whether or not the disability is work-related. In addition, certain death benefits exist for beneficiaries of employees who die in active service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

C. Funding Policy

Depending on their employment date, active Plan members must contribute either 5%, 7%, 8%, or 9% of their gross regular compensation. Members hired after December 31, 1978 must contribute an additional 2% of regular compensation in excess of \$30,000. These deductions earn interest at a rate determined by PERAC that vests based upon years of service. Member employers are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance benefits, except for certain cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) granted before July 1, 1998, which are reimbursed by the Commonwealth. The current and two preceding years' apportionment of the annual pension cost between the employers required the Authority to contribute approximately .1085% of the total. The Authority's required and actual contributions to MCRS for the year ended September 30, 2017 were \$100,489. Employee contributions for the same period were \$32,162.

D. Pension Liabilities

At September 30, 2017, the Authority reported a liability of \$1,432,641 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$129,241. At September 30, 2017, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$	6,451 78,044	\$	- Solar:	
plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and		59,469		a less t	
proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		100,488	- 1	108,751	
Total	\$	244,452	\$	108,751	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - (Continued)

These amounts will be recognized as expense, or as a reduction of expense, as follows:

Year	(1	rred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Tear	-	aco o ar o o
2018	\$	111,500
2019		11,034
2020		10,007
2021		3,160
2022		-
Thereafter		
Total	\$	135,701

F. Actuarial Methods & Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	January 1, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Investment rate of return	7.750%
Discount rate	7.750%
Inflation	3.50 %
Salary increases	Varies by length of service with ultimate rates of 4.25% for Group 1, 4.50% for Group 2 and 4.75% for Group 4.
Cost of living adjustments	3% of the first \$14,000 of retirement income.
Mortality rates	Based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Tables, with adjustments for improvements based on Scale BB2D.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

F. Actuarial Methods & Assumptions – (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Rate of Return
adas e gon arquigible la vegglee la		
Domestic equity	19.50%	7.50%
International equity	16.80%	7.83%
Emerging markets equity	6.90%	9.61%
Core fixed income	12.30%	3.75%
Value-added fixed income	8.30%	7.26%
Private equity	11.10%	9.50%
Real estate	10.00%	6.50%
Timber/natural resources	3.60%	6.00%
Hedge funds	9.00%	6.48%
Liquidating portfolios	0.40%	6.48%
Portfolio completion strategies	1.10%	6.48%
Overlay	1.00%	6.48%

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.750 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the Authority will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.750 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.750 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.750 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	% Decrease 6.75%	Current Discount <u>7.75%</u>	1%	% Increase <u>8.75%</u>
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,729,708	\$ 1,432,641	\$	1,181,066

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MCRS financial report.

J. Payables to the Pension Plan

As of September 30, 2017, the Authority had no outstanding payables to MCRS.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The Authority provides comprehensive medical insurance, both with and without Medicare coordination, and life insurance to its employees who meet certain eligibility requirements. Employees are eligible for postretirement benefits if he/she has reached the age of 55 as an active employee and completed 10 years of service.

All active employees who retire from the Authority and meet the eligibility criteria will receive these benefits. The duration of these benefits is for the employee's lifetime. Under this cost sharing plan, these benefits cover 20% of premiums for Medical for those who retire on or after 10/1/2009 (15% for those who retired after 7/1/1994 but before 10/1/2009, and 10% for all others) for both individuals and family members (percentages represent the employees' portion).

The face value of each life insurance policy is \$5,000. Life insurance benefits do not apply to family members, this benefit covers 20% of premiums for Medical for those who retire on or after 10/1/2009 (15% for those who retired after 7/1/1994 but before 10/1/2009, and 10% for all others) for individuals.

Currently, there are 3 active employees and 5 retired employees enrolled in the plan.

B. Funding Policy

The Authority is not required by law or contractual agreement to provide funding for the Plan other than the pay-as-you-go amount necessary to provide current benefits to retirees and eligible beneficiaries/dependents. For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Authority paid \$34,691 on behalf of the Plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount that was actuarially determined by using the Actuarial Cost Method (one of the actuarial cost methods in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45). Under this method, the normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are both based on an accrual of projected benefits over the period for which benefits are accrued. The normal cost is the actuarial present value of one year's benefit accrual on this basis. The actuarial accrued liability is the actuarial present value of the projected benefit time the ratio of past service to total service. Under this method, the Actuarial Gains (losses) are calculated each year and amortized over the minimum and maximum periods allowed by law from the year of such gains or losses.

All employees who are plan participants on a valuation date are included in the actuarial valuation. The following table shows the elements of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually paid on behalf of the plan, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation to the Plan for the year ending September 30, 2017:

\$	118,960
W. Die	(4,855)
	114,105
1 1717	(34,691)
	79,414
	248,055
\$	327,469
	\$

D. Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 0.0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1.37 million and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1.37 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$293,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 468%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, shown as required supplementary information, presents the results of OPEB valuations as of October 1, 2015 and multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Valuation Date:

October 1, 2015

Discount Rate:

3.50% per annum (assuming no prefunding)

Mortality Rates:

SOA RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2014

Withdrawal Rates:

Plan participants are expected to withdraw from the plan at a decreasing rate, based on years of service, from 15.0% at 1 year of service to 0% at 30 years of service.

Retirement Rates:

Plan participants are expected to retire at an increasing rate based on age and gender. Males are expected to retire at a rate of 1% for those aged 50 years, to 100% for those aged 70 years. Females are expected to retire at a rate of 1.5% for those aged 50 years, to 40% for those aged 70 years.

General Inflation

Assumption:

2.5% per annum

Annual Compensation

Increases:

3.0% per annum

Amortization

of UAAL:

Amortized as level dollar amount over 30 years at last transition.

Remaining

Amortization Period:

30 years at October 1, 2015

Health Care Cost

Trend Rate:

Covered medical expenses are assumed to increase at a decreasing rate, from 9%

in 2010 to 5% in 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2017

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Litigation

The Authority is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Claims covered by the risk management program are reviewed and losses are accrued as required in the judgment of management. In the opinion of management, based on the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Authority.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from the grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. If expenditures are disallowed as a result of these audits, the claims for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the Authority. In the opinion of management, any such adjustments would not be significant.

NOTE 14 – IMPAIRMENT OF CAPITAL ASSETS

Government Accounting Standards Board's, Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries" requires certain note disclosures regarding impairments of capital assets. The Authority did not recognize any impairments of capital assets in fiscal year 2017.

NOTE 15 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Authority's state and federal programs are economically dependent on grants and annual contributions from DHCD and HUD, respectively. These programs operate at a loss prior to receiving these grants and contributions.

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the balance sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the Authority through May 23, 2018 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

UAAL as a Percentage of	Covered Payroll	[(b) - (a)]/(c)		379.6%	375.2%	390.5%	378.1%	368.9%	468.0%
Covered	Payroll	(c)		253,000	261,000	269,000	277,070	285,000	293,000
				↔	↔	8	8	8	8
Funded	Ratio	(a)/(b)	×	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0
Infunded AAL	(UAAL)	(b) - (a)		960,353	979,358	1,050,469	1,047,711	1,051,355	1,371,279
Ω				S	8	8	↔	↔	↔
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit	Credit	(p)		960,353	979,358	1,050,469	1,047,711	1,051,355	1,371,279
Act Lia Pr				↔	↔	↔	↔	⇔	↔
Actuarial Value of	Assets	(a)		•		- \$		•	
		Actuarial Valuation Date		10/1/2010	10/1/2011	10/1/2012	10/1/2013	10/1/2014	10/1/2015

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	Ann	Annual OPEB	Actual	Actual Contributions	Percentage of
ear Ended		Expense		Made	Expense Contributed
12	↔	74,916	59	44,617	%9.65
[3	€9	67,354	S	58,151	86.3%
14	∽	67,493	8	52,026	77.1%
15	\$	67,768	S	46,705	%6.89
2016	S	113,782	8	33,552	29.5%
17	8	114,105	8	34,691	30.4%

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Middlesex County Retirement System For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		2016		2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.101%		0.102%		0.1111%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	↔	1,432,356	⇔	1,399,262	↔	1,329,916
Covered-employee payroll	↔	325,812	\$	283,285	↔	347,298
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		439.6%		493.9%		382.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		47.7%		46.1%		47.7%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Middlesex County Retirement System For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	21	016		<u>2015</u>		2014
Contractually required contribution	€9	96,064	€	89,676	↔	65,711
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		96,064		89,676		65,711
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	1	8	
Covered-employee payroll	€9	325,812	\$	283,285	89	347,298
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	29	.48%		1.66%		18.92%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

No changes of benefit terms.

NOTE 2 – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were effective January 1, 2016:

- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed from the RP-2000 Employee Table projected 22 years with Scale AA to the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected generationally from 2009 with Scale BB2D.
- The mortality assumption for non-disabled participants was changed from the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 17 years with Scale AA to the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected generationally from 2009 with Scale BB2D
- The mortality assumption for disabled participants was changed from the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set forward three years projected 17 years with Scale AA to the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected generationally from 2015 with Scale BB2D.
- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.875% to 7.750%.
- The administrative expense assumption was increased from \$3,400,000 for calendar 2014, increasing 4.0% per year, to \$3,500,000 for calendar year 2016, increasing 3.5% per year.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE September 30, 2017

FDS			Choice	Business		
Item	Description	AMP 01	Vouchers	Activities	State/Local	Total
111	Cash - Unrestricted	650,993	88,587	50,804	414,467	1,204,851
113	Cash - Other Restricted	9,645	4,527	•	46,808	086,09
114	Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	-	-		8,361	8,361
100	Total Cash	660,638	93,114	50,804	469,636	1,274,192
		<i>3</i> -5				
124	Accounts Receivable - Other Government	1			73,568	73,568
125	Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	3,086	1	858,515	1,326	862,927
126	Accounts Receivable - Tenants	2,660		703	7,086	10,449
126.1	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	(391)			(4,934)	(5,325)
126.2	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	-		(858,515)	-	(858,515)
120	Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	5,355	,	703	77,046	83,104
142	Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	22,358	1,633	2,310	9,715	36,016
144	Inter Program Due From	-	•	-	118,380	118,380
150	Total Current Assets	688,351	94,747	53,817	674,777	1,511,692
161	Land	54,035	1	-	260,160	314,195
162	Buildings	7,491,882	,	259,903	4,815,693	12,567,478
163	Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	122,969		•	21,734	144,703
991	Accumulated Depreciation	(5,305,154)	-	(76,682)	(4,144,188)	(9,526,024)
167	Construction in Progress		1	1	113,158	113,158
160	Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	2,363,732		183,221	1,066,557	3,613,510
180	Total Non-Current Assets	2,363,732	r	183,221	1,066,557	3,613,510
000	43 87 01 0	87 535	23 116		133 911	721/1/52
700	Deferred Outflow of Resources	61,52	011,62		110,001	70+,++7
290	Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	3,139,608	117,863	237,038	1,875,145	5,369,654
312	Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	1	2,802			7,807
321	Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	5,384	1,646		13,345	20,375
322	Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	3,072	575		4,955	8,602
333	Accounts Payable - Other Government	31,002		-	95,258	126,260
341	Tenant Security Deposits	-	-	-	8,361	8,361
342	Unearned Revenue	490	-	-	29,857	30,347
345	Other Current Liabilities	1	1	78,595		78,595
346	Accrued Liabilities - Other	45,078	3,526	150	63,990	112,744

See Independent Auditors' Report -39-

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE September 30, 2017

Line			Choice	Business		
Item	Description	AMP 01	Vouchers	Activities	State/Local	Total
347 Inter Progr	Inter Program - Due To			118,380	-	118,380
310 Total Curr	Total Current Liabilities	85,026	8,549	197,125	215,766	506,466
Î		The second secon				
	Non-current Liabilities - Other	9,645			46,808	56,453
357 Accrued P	Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	627,601	170,041		962,468	1,760,110
350 Total Non-	Total Non-Current Liabilities	637,246	170,041		1,009,276	1,816,563
300 Total Liabilities	ilities	722,272	178,590	197,125	1,225,042	2,323,029
400 Deferred I	Deferred Inflow of Resources	39,055	10,221	The state of the s	59,475	108,751
508.4 Net Invest	Net Investment in Capital Assets	2.363.732		183.221	1.066.557	3.613.510
	Restricted Net Position		4.527			4,527
512.4 Unrestricte	Unrestricted Net Position	14,549	(75,475)	(143,308)	(475,929)	(680,163)
513 Total Equi	Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	2,378,281	(70,948)	39,913	590,628	2,937,874
600 Total Liab	Total Liab., Def. Inflow of Res., and Equity - Net Assets / Position	3,139,608	117,863	237,038	1,875,145	5,369,654
+	Net Tenant Rental Revenue	377,444		31,704	625,363	1,034,511
70500 Total Tena	Total Tenant Revenue	377,444		31,704	625,363	1,034,511
70600 HUD PHA	HUD PHA Operating Grants	228,198	851,597		•	1,079,795
70800 Other Gov	Other Government Grants				441,770	441,770
71100 Investment	Investment Income - Unrestricted	34			22	56
+	overy		206			206
	enue	16,478	164,445		1,909	182,832
	Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	5,000				5,000
70000 Total Revenue	nue	627,154	1,016,248	31,704	1,069,064	2,744,170
91100 Administra	Administrative Salaries	71.582	34.136		109,567	215,285
91200 Auditing Fees	ees	2,416	2,441		5,986	10,843
91500 Employee	Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	45,239	21,082		117,084	183,405
91700 Legal Expense	ense	1,894	358			2,252
Н		666	854		1,933	3,786
91900 Other	AN TACTOR A CATAL MENT	19,869	15,235	99	29,491	64,660
91000 Total Oper	Total Operating - Administrative	141 999	74 106	9	264 061	480 231

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE September 30, 2017

Wider Voutbers Activities Basteless Basteles	PNG			Housing			
Widen Description Activities Activities 34450.10 Electricity 16,264 - 12,039 Class Unificial 15,132 - 12,039 Total Unifices 1,474 27,534 15,039 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 58,236 - - 15,039 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Contracts 28,236 - - 15,734 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Contracts 28,236 - - 1,474 45,633 Todal Maintenance and Operations - Contracts 19,743 3,140 8,737 45,534 Property Instructed 10,743 3,140 10,231 24,234 Modernate and Operations Contracts 11,225 - 14,188 - 14,374 45,534 Property Instructed 1,474 2,534 - 1,474 45,638 All Operations Contracts 1,474 2,534 - 1,474 45,638 All Operations Contracts 1,474 2,534 - 1,474<	Line		,	Choice	Business		
Wager Wager State Stat	Item	Description	AMP 01	Vouchers	Activities	State/Local	Total
Electricity Color	93100		16,264	•		34,584	50,848
Gas 26,627 - - Total Utilities 1,6463 - - Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other 88,236 - - 45,635 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Americals and Other 88,236 -	93200	Electricity	25,132			120,019	145,151
Total Utilities	93300	Gas	26,027			-	26,027
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor \$8.236 - - 85.315 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other 35.415 - - - 85.315 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts 59.724 - - - 45.603 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 10.231 - - - 84.303 Property Insurance 10.245 - - - 84.353 128 14.875 Property Insurance Liability measure 12.295 - - - 5.999 All Other Insurance All Other Insurance 2.449 - - 5.999 All Other Insurance Other Corneal Expenses 2.499 - - 5.999 All Other Insurance Other Insurance Other Corneal Expenses 2.499 - - 5.999 All Other Insurance Other Insurance Other Corneal Expenses 2.490 - - 5.999 Other Corneal Expenses Compensed Absences Expenses	93000	Total Utilities	67,423	1	1	154,603	222,026
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations: Labor 28,245 - - 8,515 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations: Materials and Other 28,246 - - - 8,515 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations: Outracks 197,543 3,140 8,777 45,603 Total Maintenance 197,543 3,140 10,231 24,243 Total Maintenance 197,543 3,140 10,231 24,243 Property Insurance 12,255 - - 14,875 Inability Insurance 12,295 - - 14,875 Inability Insurance 12,293 3,85 - - 5,999 Workments of Compensation 2,499 948 - - 5,999 Offlow Compensation 2,490 2,480 2,382 1,28 3,140 Onliker Compensation 2,490 2,480 2,382 1,28 3,140 Onliker Compensation 2,490 2,480 2,490 - 1,108 Onliker Compensation 2,490 2,							
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations: Ordinary Maintenance 35,415 1- 1,474 27,534 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations: Ordinary Maintenance 23,724 3,40 8,4533 45,633 Fool Individual Maintenance 197,543 3,140 10,231 24,535 Fool Maintenance 197,543 3,140 10,231 24,2845 Liability Insurance 12,285 - - 14,875 Liability Insurance 3,788 1,049 - 5,999 Mil Other Insurance Premiums 2,499 948 - 5,999 All Other Compensation 2,499 1,049 - 3,134 Chill Other Compensation 2,499 2,882 1,280 - All Other Insurance 1,049 - 3,598 - Compensated Absences Compensated Absences Compensated Absences Compensated Absences - - Compensated Absences 2,499 2,480 - - - - Compensated Absences 2,499 2,480	94100	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	58,236	•		85,315	143,551
Cordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts 59,724 3,140 8,757 45,633 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance 107,448 3,140 1,248,53 84,533 Total Maintenance 12,295 - - 1,4875 1,248,53 Property Insurance 1,2595 - - 1,4875 - Workments Compensation 3,758 3,85 - - 1,499 - 5,599 Workment Compensation 2,449 2,449 - 2,499 - - 1,408 - 3,199 Other Central Expenses 2,490 2,382 1,28 - 3,199 - - 3,199 Other Central Expenses 2,490 2,382 - - 3,138 - - 3,138 - - 3,108 - - 3,138 - - - 3,108 - - - 3,108 - - 3,108 - - - 3,108 -	94200	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	35,415	1	1,474	27,534	64,423
Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	94300	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	59,724	3,140	8,757	45,603	117,224
Total Maintenance 197,543 3,140 10,231 242,845 Property Insurance 12,295 - - 14,875 Liability Insurance 3,758 3,85 1.28 - Workment's Compensation 2,499 - 5,999 Workment's Compensation 2,499 - 3,134 Total insurance 2,499 - - - Compensated Absences 2,499 - - - Compensated Absences 2,490 - - - Compensated Absences 2,490 - - - Compensated Absences 2,480 2,382 1,18 - Compensated Absences 2,480 - - - - Parametris in Lead of Taxonal Results 1,023 -	94500	Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	44,168	-	1	84,393	128,561
Property Insurance 12,295 -	94000	Total Maintenance	197,543	3,140	10,231	242,845	453,759
Property Insurance 12,295 - - 14,875							
1,149 1,24	96110	Property Insurance	12,295	1	1	14,875	27,170
Morkment's Compensation 3.928 1.049 - 5.999 All Other Insurance Premiums 2.4499 9.48 - 1.24.008 Authorites Premiums 2.4490 9.48 - 1.24.008 Compensated Absences 2.4490 2.480 - 3.134 Compensated Absences 2.4490 - 2.490 - 3.78 Payments in Lieu of Taxes 31,002 - 6,110 (2,428) Bad debt - Tenant Renis 31,002 - 6,110 (2,428) Bad debt - Tenant Renis 31,335 2,490 6,110 1,318 Total Other General Expenses 460,780 82,118 16,534 686,835 1 Excess of Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Excess of Operating Expenses 21,326 - 32,0243 1 Extraordinary Maintenance 21,326 - 32,733 1 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses 165,340 (10,8405 2,197) (1,08405 2,197) Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses 2,333,773 (68,791) 33,406 (19,969 3) Payments Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors 1,543,74 1,084,05 1,544,044,044,044,045 1,084,045	96120	Liability Insurance	3,758	385	128		4,271
All Other Insurance Premiums 2,499 948 - 3,134	96130	Workmen's Compensation	3,928	1,049	i	5,999	10,976
Total insurance Premiums 22,480 2,382 128 24,008 Other General Expenses - 2,490 - 368 Compensated Absences 102 - 6,110 (2,428) Bad debt - Tenant Rents 1,102 - 6,110 (2,428) Bad debt - Tenant Rents 1,133 2,490 6,110 (1,318) Total Other General Expenses 460,780 82,118 16,534 686,835 1 Excess of Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Excess of Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,239 1 Housing Assistance Payments - 782,748 - 23,243 1 Housing Expenses - 153,539 - - - Hop Portality-In - 153,549 - - - Housing Expenses - 153,549 - - - Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses - <td< td=""><td>96140</td><td>All Other Insurance</td><td>2,499</td><td>948</td><td>-</td><td>3,134</td><td>6,581</td></td<>	96140	All Other Insurance	2,499	948	-	3,134	6,581
Other General Expenses - 2,490 - </td <td>96100</td> <td>Total insurance Premiums</td> <td>22,480</td> <td>2,382</td> <td>128</td> <td>24,008</td> <td>48,998</td>	96100	Total insurance Premiums	22,480	2,382	128	24,008	48,998
Other General Expenses 2,490 - - 3.68 Compensated Absences 1,002 - - 3.68 Payments in Lieu of Taxes 1002 - - 3.578 Payments in Lieu of Taxes 102 - - 3.578 Total Other General Expenses 31,335 2,490 6,110 1,318 Total Other General Expenses 460,780 82,118 16,534 686,835 1 Excess of Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Extraordinary Maintenance 51,356 - - 32,753 - Housing Assistance Payments - 153,739 - - - Housing Assistance Payments - 135,339 - - - - Housing Assistance Payments - 135,439 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -							
Compensated Absences 231 -	96200	Other General Expenses		2,490	1	,	2,490
Payments in Lieu of Taxes 31,002 - 6,110 (2,428) Bad debt - Tenant Rents 102 - 3,378 Total Other General Expenses 460,780 82,118 16,534 686,835 1 Excess of Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Extraordinary Maintenance 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Extraordinary Maintenance 153,536 - 320,243 1 HAP Portability-In Depreciation Expense 153,539 - 1 Depreciation Expense 153,539 - 1 Depreciation Expense 153,539 - 1 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses 153,405 1,018,405 25,197 1,098,405 1 Excess (Deficiency) and Correction of Errors 2,533,773 1,084,74 1,098,405 1	96210	Compensated Absences	231	,	1	368	599
Bad debt - Tenant Rents 102 - 3,378 Total Other General Expenses 31,335 2,490 6,110 1,318 Total Other General Expenses 460,780 82,118 16,534 686,835 1 Excess of Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Extraordinary Maintenance 51,326 - 32,733 - 32,733 HAP Portalitiv-In Depreciation Expenses 153,539 - 230,243 1 Total Expenses Total Expenses 8,663 148,574 270,540 1,018,405 25,197 1,098,405 2 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) 3,406 619,969 3 Administrative Equity Administrative Experience Femily - (155,492) -	96300	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	31,002	1	6,110	(2,428)	34,684
Total Other General Expenses 31,335 2,490 6,110 1,318 Total Operating Expenses 460,780 82,118 16,534 686,835 1 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Extraordinary Maintenance 51,326 - 320,243 1 HAP Portability-In	96400	Bad debt - Tenant Rents	102		į	3,378	3,480
Total Operating Expenses 460,780 82,118 16,534 686,835 1 Excess of Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Extraordinary Maintenance - - - - 32,753 - Housing Assistance Payments - 782,748 - 230,243 1 HAP Portability-In Depreciation Expense - 153,539 - 230,243 1 Total Expenses - 153,539 - 8,663 148,574 - Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Beginning Equity - - (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Administrative Expenses - - - - - -	00096	Total Other General Expenses	31,335	2,490	6,110	1,318	41,253
Total Operating Expenses Total Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors Total Expenses Total Expense							
Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses 166,374 934,130 15,170 382,229 1 Extraordinary Maintenance - - - - 32,753 - - 32,753 1 HAP Portability-In Depreciation Expense - 153,539 - - 230,243 1 Total Expenses - 153,539 - - 230,243 1 Total Expenses - 153,539 - - 230,243 1 Total Expenses - 153,539 - - 25,197 1,098,405 2 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Programing Equity - - - - - - Administrative Fee Equity - - - - - - Administractive Fee Equity - - - - - -	00696	Total Operating Expenses	460,780	82,118	16,534	686,835	1,246,267
Extraordinary Maintenance Extraordinary Maintenance Extraordinary Maintenance Extraordinary Maintenance HAP Portability-In Depreciation Expenses Total Expenses Extraordinary Maintenance HAP Portability-In Depreciation Expense Total Expenses Extraordinary Maintenance 153,539 148,574 1,098,405 2,533,773 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Expenses Excess (Defici	00000	Evance of Operating Deviante over Operating Evanences	166 374	934 130	15 170	382 229	1 497 903
Extraordinary Maintenance 51,326 - - 32,753 Housing Assistance Payments - 782,748 - 230,243 1 HAP Portability-In Depreciation Expense - 153,539 - 270,540 - Total Expenses 782,646 1,018,405 25,197 1,098,405 2 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Prior Finity Equity Prior Finity Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors - (75,492) - - Administrative Energy Equity - (75,492) - - -	21000	Company of the control of the contro					
Housing Assistance Payments - 782,748 - 230,243 1 HAP Portability-In Depreciation Expense - 153,539 - 8,663 148,574 Total Expenses 782,646 1,018,405 25,197 1,098,405 2 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Prior Perior Prior Perior (8,791) 33,406 619,969 3 Administrative Fea Equity - (75,475) - - -	97100	Extraordinary Maintenance	51,326		-	32,753	84,079
HAP Portability-In Logreciation Expense 153,539 - 8,663 148,574 - Depreciation Expense Total Expenses 782,646 1,018,405 25,197 1,098,405 2 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Programing Equity Programming Equity 33,406 619,969 3 Administrative Fee Equity - (75,475) - -	97300	Housing Assistance Payments	-	782,748	ı	230,243	1,012,991
Depreciation Expense 270,540 - 8,663 148,574 270,540 - 8,663 148,574 25,197 1,098,405 2 Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Beginning Equity Properties and Correction of Errors 2,533,773 (68,791) 33,406 619,969 3 Administrative Fee Equity - (75,475) - - - -	97350	HAP Portability-In	1	153,539	1	1	153,539
Total Expenses Tota	97400	Depreciation Expense	270,540	-	8,663	148,574	427,777
Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Beginning Equity 2,533,773 (68,791) 33,406 619,969 3 Administrative Fee Equity - (75,475) - - -	00006	Total Expenses	782,646	1,018,405	25,197	1,098,405	2,924,653
Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses (155,492) (2,157) 6,507 (29,341) Beginning Equity Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors 2,533,773 (68,791) 33,406 619,969 3 Administrative Experiency - - - - -							
Beginning Equity 2,533,773 (68,791) 33,406 619,969 3,1 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors -	10000	Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	(155,492)	(2,157)	6,507	(29,341)	(180,483)
Programme Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors Administrative Fee Equity	11030	Reginning Family	2.533.773	(68.791)	33.406	616.969	3.118.357
Administrative Ree Family (75,475) -	11040	Prior Period Adjustments. Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	-	-			
	11170	Administrative Fee Faulty	1	(75 475)	,		(75 475)

See Independent Auditors' Report -41-

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE September 30, 2017

FDS			Housing			
Line			Choice	Business		
Item	Description	AMP 01	Vouchers	Activities	State/Local	Total
11180	Housing Assistance Payments Equity		4,527	•	-	4,527
11190	Unit Months Available	1,104	816	24	1,976	3,920
11210	Number of Unit Months Leased	1,104	771	24	1,928	3,827
11270	Excess Cash	532,196		1	-	532,196
11650	Leasehold Improvements Purchases	179,752		1	-	179,752

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Federal Financial	Assistance	Expenditures	\$ 228,198	851,597 851,597	1,079,795	\$ 1,079,795
Amounts	Provided to	1b-recipients	,			1
	Pass-Through I		N/A \$	N/A	4	\$
	Direct	Award	Yes	Yes		
	CFDA	Number	14.850	14.871		
			Department of Housing and Urban Development Low Rent Public Housing	Tenant-based Voucher Cluster: Housing Choice Voucher Program Total Tenant-based Voucher Cluster	Total Department of Housing and Urban Development	Total All Programs

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS September 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Hudson Housing Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Hudson Housing Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Hudson Housing Authority.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Hudson Housing Authority did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed in the Uniform Guidance, section 414.

NOTE 4 – OTHER ASSISTANCE

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Hudson Housing Authority did not receive or expend federal awards in the form of non-cash assistance, insurance, or loans or loan guarantees, nor were there any loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Hudson Housing Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements, which statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the Hudson Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audits, we considered the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hudson Housing Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Braintree, Massachusetts

May 23, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hudson Housing Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Hudson Housing Authority's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017. The Hudson Housing Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Hudson Housing Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Hudson Housing Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hudson Housing Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Hudson Housing Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Hudson Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Braintree, Massachusetts

May 23, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2017

I. Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

- 1. Type of report issued on the financial statements Unmodified
- 2. The report on internal control over financial reporting did not disclose any material weaknesses.
- 3. The report on internal control over financial reporting did not disclose any significant deficiencies.
- 4. The report on compliance did not disclose instances of non-compliance material to the financial statements.

Federal Programs

- 5. Type of report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified
- 6. The report on internal control over major programs did not disclose any material weaknesses.
- 7. The report on internal control over major programs did not disclose any significant deficiencies.
- 8. There are no audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- 9. Major federal assistance programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The dollar threshold to distinguish type A and type B programs was \$750,000.
- 10. The following programs were tested as major programs in accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance:

CFDA Number

Housing Choice Voucher Program

14.871

- 11. The auditee did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.
- II. Findings related to the Financial Statements which are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS NONE
- III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards which shall include Audit Findings as defined in paragraph 200.516(a) NONE

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS September 30, 2017

Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

- 1. Type of report issued on the financial statements Qualified
- 2. The report on internal control over financial reporting did not disclose any material weaknesses.
- 3. The report on internal control over financial reporting did not disclose any significant deficiencies.
- 4. The report on compliance did disclose instances of non-compliance material to the financial statements.

Federal Programs

- 5. Type of report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified
- 6. The report on internal control over major programs did not disclose any material weaknesses.
- 7. The report on internal control over major programs did not disclose any significant deficiencies.

Finding 2016-001- Compliance - GASB 68 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

Criteria

In financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, a single or agent employer that does not have a special funding situation is required to recognize a liability equal to the net pension liability. The net pension liability is required to be based on a valuation report conducted within thirty months and a day of the employer's fiscal year end.

Condition and Context

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that pension assets and liabilities be based on a valuation report conducted no earlier than thirty months and one day prior to the Authority's reporting date of September 30, 2016. The Authority is currently reporting these assets and liabilities based on a valuation date of January 1, 2014.

Current Status

As of September 30, 2017, the Authority is reporting its portion of the pension liability based on a valuation date of January 1, 2016 and a measurement report date of December 31, 2016. We consider this matter closed.