

Hudson, Massachusetts

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Hudson Housing Authority, Hudson, MA, as of September 30, 2016, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Hudson Housing Authority's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Management has implemented the provisions of GASB 68: Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions by relying upon a valuation date of January 1, 2014. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that pension assets and liabilities receive an actuarial valuation no earlier than thirty months and one day prior to the reporting date of September 30, 2016. The amount by which this departure would affect the deferred inflows and outflows, liabilities, net position, and expenses of the Hudson Housing Authority has not been determined.



Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Shrewsbury Housing Authority as of March 31, 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the yearthen ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplemental information presented on pages 36 through 39, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements. The supplemental information presented on pages 38 through 41, as listed in the table of contents, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information presented on pages 38 through 41 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information presented on pages 38 through 41 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have issued our report dated June 16, 2017 on our consideration of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Braintree, Massachusetts

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June 16, 2017



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

As management of the Hudson Housing Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,118,357 (net position).
- The net position of the Authority consisted of Net Invested in Capital Assets in the amount of \$3,671,061 Unrestricted Net Position in the amount of \$(562,532), and Restricted Net Position of \$0.
- The Authority's cash and investments at September 30, 2016 was \$1,233,332.
- The Authority had total revenues of \$3,004,694, and program expenses (inclusive of depreciation expense) of \$2,777,707 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY

The Authority was created in 1962 to provide and promote safe and sanitary housing for low-income persons residing in Hudson, MA. The Authority is a municipal corporation located in Hudson, MA as was established under Chapter 121B of the State Statutes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's financial statements consist of two parts -1) management's discussion and analysis, which is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements, and 2) the Authority's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government—wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Authority is considered by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) to be a special purpose government accounted for as enterprise funds. Its chartered purpose is the housing of low and moderate income families and elderly individuals. All of the activities, programs and grants administered by the Authority are focused for that purpose.

As a single purpose enterprise fund government the Authority is permitted to issue combined entity level and fund level financial statements. These statements report financial information for each of the Authority's funds and a combined total of all funds that represents the Authority wide financial position. The following is a brief description of each financial statement.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

Statement of Net Position

- The Statement of Net Position is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and provides information relating to all financial and capital resources for the Authority as of the reporting date and related debts and other liabilities. The Statement of Net Position is presented in a format where assets equal liabilities plus net assets. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity, and are classified as "Current" (those which are reasonably expected to be realized in cash or sold or consumed during the normal operating cycle of the business), and "Non-current."
- Net position (formerly equity) represent the cumulative effect of revenue and expenses. It is also the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported in three broad categories:

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire authority

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the assets by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

- This statement is similar to an Income Statement. This statement includes operating revenues, such as rental income; operating expenses, such as administrative, utilities, maintenance and depreciation; and non-operating revenue and expenses, such as grant revenue, investment income and interest expense and capital contributions and operating transfers.
- The focus of this Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position is the "Change in Net Position," which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Statement of Cash Flows

• The Statement of Cash Flows shows the sources and amounts from which the Authority received cash such as income from tenants, income from grants, loans, etc. and the items and amounts for which cash was used such as payments to vendors and contractors, payments to employees, repayment of loans, etc. The statement is divided into four major sections: operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. The statement functions down to the net increase or decrease in the Authority's cash accounts for the reporting period.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

Authority Funds

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The programs of the Authority has one fund and the programs are as follows:

Low Rent Public Housing – Under this program the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by the HUD via operating grants.

Public Housing Capital Fund – HUD provides grant funds to authorities with Low Rent Public Housing units on a formula basis. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the Low Rent Public Housing Program. A portion of Capital funds may also be used to support operations and to make improvements in the management and operation of the Authority.

Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher – HUD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a predetermined payment standard.

State and Local Programs – The Authority operates the following state and local programs:

State Consolidated Housing and State Chapter 705 Housing — Under these programs the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from Massachusetts Department of Housing & Community Development (DHCD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by the DHCD via operating grants.

State Chapter 689 Housing – Under this program the Authority owns operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from DHCD. The building is generally rented to a non-profit corporation who provides health and human resource needs to mentally disabled individuals.

Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program - DHCD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program, qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenants share of the rent not to exceed a contract amount.

State Modernization Program – DHCD provides grant funds to authorities with State Consolidated units based on the Authority's application and determination of need. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the State Consolidated Housing Program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

AN OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY - WIDE FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATIONS

The Authority's overall financial position and operations for the past two years are summarized on the following pages based on the information included in the current and prior financial statements.

The Authority's total financial position at September 30, 2016 were \$3,118,357.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of September 30, 2016 the Authority's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities was \$3,671,062 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings, improvements, equipment, and computers.

CAPITAL ASSET ANALYSIS September 30, 2016 and 2015

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	Change	% Change
Land Buildings Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements Construction in progress	\$ 314,195 12,332,666 135,470 - 21,211	\$ 314,195 11,683,536 354,584 - 63,517	\$ - 649,130 (219,114) - (42,306)	0.00% 5.56% -61.79% - -66.61%
Total capital assets	12,803,542	12,415,832	387,710	3.12%
Accumulated depreciation	(9,132,480)	(8,937,964)	(194,516)	2.18%
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,671,062	\$ 3,477,868	\$ 193,194	5.55%

LONG-TERM DEBT

The Authority had no outstanding debt as of September 30, 2016.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the 2017 fiscal year:

- Administrative Fee Subsidies for the Housing Choice Voucher Program are expected to only be funded at 83%.
- Uncertainty exists in what level the Operating subsidies for the HUD Low Rent Program are expected to decrease substantially.
- Increased costs of Employer Health Insurance, Employer Retirement Contributions, Workers Compensation and Fire and Liability Insurance, continue to rise at unprecedented rates.
- The allowable spending "cap" by DHCD has been level funded.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

FUTURE EVENTS THAT WILL FINANCIALLY IMPACT THE AUTHORITY

Funding cuts during the next fiscal year by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) along with sharp cost increases will have an impact on the State Housing in the future.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, Hudson Housing Authority, 8 Brigham Circle, Hudson, MA 01749.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016 and 2015

		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>Cl</u>	nange	% Change	
Current Assets Capital Assets Other Noncurrent Assets	\$	1,241,029 3,671,062 64,411	\$ 1,087,701 3,477,868 55,410	\$	153,328 193,194 9,001	14.10% 5.55% 16.24%	
Total Assets		4,976,502	 4,620,979		355,523	7.69%	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	***************************************	162,564	 94,167	*****	68,397	72.63%	
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities		282,776 1,701,900	 267,309 1,556,467		15,467 145,433	5.79% 9.34%	
Total Liabilities		1,984,676	 1,823,776	_,,	160,900	8.82%	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		36,033	 _		36,033	-	
Net Invested in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	•••	3,671,061 9,828 (562,532)	 3,477,868 - (586,498)		193,193 9,828 23,966	5.55% - -4.09%	
Total Net Position	\$	3,118,357	\$ 2,891,370	\$	226,987	7.85%	

- Assets increased due to the completion of capital projects.
- Restricted net position increased due to HAP reserves.
- Non-current liabilities increased due to GASB 68.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	Change	% Change
Revenue Operating Revenues Non-operating Revenues	\$ 2,469,796 534,898	\$ 2,404,695 146,167	\$ 65,101 388,731	2.71% 265.95%
Total Revenues	3,004,694	2,550,862	453,832	17.79%
Expenses				
Housing assistance payments	1,012,609	1,001,801	10,808	1.08%
Administration	500,121	412,509	87,612	21.24%
Repair and maintenance	534,505	673,748	(139,243)	-20.67%
Depreciation expense	407,782	350,875	56,907	16.22%
Utilities	229,105	306,665	(77,560)	-25.29%
Insurance expense	49,130	43,955	5,175	11.77%
Other general expenses	44,455	36,532	7,923	21.69%
Total Expenses	2,777,707	2,826,085	(48,378)	-1.71%
Change in Net Position	226,987	(275,223)	502,210	-182.47%
Net Position - Beginning of Year	2,891,370	4,421,039	(1,529,669)	-34.60%
Prior Period Adjustments	Pin Pin	(1,254,446)	1,254,446	-100.00%
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 3,118,357	\$ 2,891,370	\$ 226,987	7.85%

- Revenues increased due to an increase in rents and federal/state grants received.
- Administration expenses increased due to GASB 68 pension expense.
- Repair and maintenance expenses decreased due to major repairs and high turnover in the prior period.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016

ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents - Note 4	\$ 1,160,960
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - Notes 4 &5	7,961
Accounts receivable, net - Note 6	38,180
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	33,928
Total Current Assets	1,241,029
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - Notes 4 & 5	64,411
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation - Note 7	3,671,062
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,735,473
Total Assets	4,976,502
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - Note 10	162,564
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	5,217
Accounts payable, other government	125,350
Accrued wages and current portion of compensated absences	27,497
Other current liabilities	78,595
Other accrued expenses	22,358
Unearned revenue	15,798
Tenant security deposits	7,961
Total Current Liabilities	282,776
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Other noncurrent liabilities - Note 8	54,583
Accrued pension - Notes 8 & 10	1,399,262
OPEB liability - Notes 8 & 11	248,055
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,701,900
Total Liabilities	1,984,676
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - Note 10	36,033
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	3,671,061
Restricted - Note 3	9,828
Unrestricted (deficit)	(562,532)
Total Net Position	\$ 3,118,357

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the year ended September 30, 2016

OPERATING REVENUES		
HUD grants and contributions	\$	1,141,848
Tenant rental income		994,956
Other government grants and contributions		252,673
Other revenue		80,319
Total Operating Revenues		2,469,796
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Housing assistance payments		1,012,609
Repair and maintenance		534,505
Administration		500,121
Depreciation expense		407,782
Utilities		229,105
Insurance expense		49,130
Other general expenses		44,455
Total Operating Expenses	***************************************	2,777,707
Operating Loss		(307,911)
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Gain on sale of capital assets		600
Interest and investment revenue		163
Total Nonoperating Revenues		763
Loss before Capital Contributions and Transfers		(307,148)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS		
HUD capital grants and contributions		339,483
Other government capital grants and contributions		194,652
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers		534,135
Change in Net Position		226,987
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,891,370
Net Position - End of Year	\$	3,118,357

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended September 30, 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
HUD grants	\$	1,144,148
Other government grants		247,811
Receipts from tenants		994,446
Other operating receipts		79,605
Payments to employees		(537,634)
Payments to suppliers		(1,705,679)
Net cash provided by operating activities	***************************************	222,697
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Other government capital grants		193,637
HUD capital grants		339,483
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		600
Acquisitions of capital assets		(600,976)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(67,256)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends received	·	163
Net cash provided by investing activities		163
		155 604
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		155,604
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,077,728
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,233,332
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating Loss	\$	(307,911)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation		407,782
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, tenants		(831)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, other		(567)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, HUD		2,300
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, other government		(6,713)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets		101
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		2,355
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable, other government		43,504
(Decrease) increase in compensated absences and accrued wages		7,839
(Decrease) increase in accrued pension liability		36,982
(Decrease) increase in OPEB liability		76,914
(Decrease) increase in accrued expenses and other current liabilities		(26,996)
(Decrease) increase in tenant security deposits		321
(Decrease) increase in unearned operating revenue		(12,383)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	222,697

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

The Hudson Housing Authority (the Authority) was incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Authority operates under a board of commissioner form of government to provide safe and decent housing to low and moderate income families and elderly individuals.

The Authority maintains its accounting records by program and operates the following programs:

<u>Low Rent Public Housing</u> – This program accounts for all activities relating to the leasing and operation of apartments in buildings that were constructed and are owned by the Authority. These units are rented to low income families and low income elderly, disabled, and special needs individuals. The properties were constructed with grants and or loans provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Authority receives grants from HUD to subsidize operating deficits. Tenants are charged rents based on a percentage of their income.

<u>Public Housing Capital Fund</u> – HUD provides grant funds to authorities with Low Rent Public Housing units on a formula basis. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the Low Rent Public Housing Program. A portion of these funds may also be used to support operations and to make improvements in the management and operation of the Authority.

Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher – HUD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program, qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a predetermined payment standard.

State and Local Programs – The Authority operates the following state and local programs:

State Consolidated and State Chapter 705 Housing – Under these programs, the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from the Massachusetts Department of Housing & Community Development (DHCD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by DHCD via operating grants.

<u>State Chapter 689 Housing</u> – Under this program, the Authority owns operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from DHCD. The building is generally rented to a non-profit corporation who provides health and human resource needs to mentally disabled individuals.

Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP) — DHCD provides grants to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority subsidizes the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a contract amount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION – (Continued)

<u>State Modernization Program</u> – DHCD provides grant funds to authorities with State Consolidated units based on the Authority's application and determination of need. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the State Consolidated Housing Program.

<u>Business Activities</u> – This program was established in order for the Authority to own, rehabilitate and rent residential dwelling units to low and moderate income families.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Authority's financial statements include the accounts of all of the Authority's operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Authority's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the Authority holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the Authority appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the Authority is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Authority
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Authority

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Authority has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Authority is a special-purpose government entity engaged only in business-type activities and, as such, the financial statements are presented as a single enterprise fund.

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments ("GASB 34") and GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position ("GASB 63"). GASB 34 and GASB 63 require the basic financial statements to be prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and requires the presentation of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. GASB 34 requires the Authority to include Management's Discussion and Analysis as part of the Required Supplementary Information. GASB 63 requires the Authority to report deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting - (Continued)

The Authority's primary source of nonexchange revenue relates to grants and subsidies. Grants and subsidies revenue is recognized at the time eligible program expenditures occur and/or the Authority has complied with the grant and subsidy requirements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*. Grants received in advance of expenditures are recorded as a liability until earned.

C. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit with financial institutions and other debt securities that are readily convertible into cash and purchased with original maturities of three months or less. Also included in cash equivalents are non-negotiable certificates of deposits, recorded at cost in accordance with GASB 31.

E. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable from tenants are carried at the original amount billed less an estimate made for doubtful accounts based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts receivable. Accounts receivable from tenants are written off with board approval when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts receivable previously written off are recorded when received. Allowances for other non-tenant receivables are reviewed annually. See Note 7 for details of accounts receivable and allowances at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, furniture, equipment and machinery with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30-40 years
Land and Building Improvements	15-20 years
Furniture, Equipment and Machinery	3-10 years

G. Compensated Absences

Total accrued compensated absences at September 30, 2016 aggregated \$11,622.

H. Operating Revenues and Expenses

GASB 34 paragraph 102 requires governments to establish a policy that defines operating revenues and expenses. The Authority uses the criteria prescribed in GASB 9 paragraphs 17 and 18 for cash flows to determine operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenue includes operating grants and subsidies, rental income, management services provided and all other revenue relating to the provision of safe, decent and affordable housing services that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing, non-capital and related financing or investing activities. Operating expenses include wages, housing assistance payments, utilities, maintenance, depreciation of capital assets, administrative expenses and all other expenses relating to the provision of safe, decent and affordable housing services that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing, non-capital and related financing or investing activities.

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement system and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 3 – NET POSITION: RESTRICTED

At September 30, 2016, restrictions of \$9,828, represent the net position restricted by HUD related to the Housing Choice Voucher Program to be used for future HAP payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENT DEPOSITS

GASB standards require that cash and investment deposits with financial institutions be classified into one of the following four categories:

Category A - Insured

Category B – Collateralized, with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.

 $Category\ C-Collateralized,\ with\ securities\ held\ by\ the\ pledging\ financial\ institution's\ trust$

department or agent in the entity's name.

Category D – Non-collateralized (Includes any bank balance collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.)

The Authority has adopted HUD's Investment Regulation PIH 1996-33 as its investment policy. HUD regulations require that all HUD deposits in financial institutions and investments be fully insured or collateralized, (category A, B or C) by U.S. Government obligations that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The policy also requires that investments not have a maturity period longer than three years.

Custodial Credit Risk - Cash Deposits

In the case of cash deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk, except ensuring that it follows the HUD regulations for federal deposits as detailed in a prior paragraph. At September 30, 2016, the Authority's cash deposits of \$1,233,332 were fully insured or collateralized.

The Authority notes that in accordance with GASB 40, the disclosures for all types of cash deposits with a financial institution, whether categorized as cash and cash equivalents or as investments are the same and have been reported and disclosed accordingly in the previous section of the note.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – RESTRICTIONS ON CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority's restricted cash and cash equivalents balance consists of funds restricted for future HAP payments, funds held in escrow for tenant organizations, as well as funds designated for tenant security deposits. These amounts support either a corresponding liability or restricted net position. At September 30, 2016, restricted cash was categorized as follows:

Category of Restriction	<u>A</u>	mount
HAP Reserves	\$	9,828
Program Restrictions		54,583
Tenant Security Deposits		7,961
• •		
Total	\$	72,372

NOTE 6 – JUDGMENT REVENUE

In July of 2013, a judgment was made in favor of the Authority in a breach of contract action against Coolidge Greene, LLC (the Company). The Authority, in its role as monitoring agent, had sought damages related to noncompliance in the Company's development of the 30 unit property known as Coolidge Greene Apartments. In a written stipulation dated July 16, 2013, the Authority was awarded \$616,543 in damages, with interest from May 2, 2011 to July 16, 2013 in the amount of \$163,377, together with attorney's fees in the sum of \$63,152 and additional expenses of \$15,443. The Authority has recorded a receivable of \$858,515, has fully reserved against the entire balance due to the uncertainty of collection, and has recorded a current liability of \$78,595 for the fees owned to the attorney. As of September 30, 2016, the Authority has not received payments related to this judgment.

NOTE 7 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The following is a detail listing of receivables for the Authority including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts at September 30, 2016.

Category of Receivable		<u>Amount</u>			
Other Government	\$	34,661			
Miscellaneous		859,846			
Tenants		4,033			
Gross Receivables		898,540			
Allowance - Tenants		(1,845)			
Allowance - Other		(858,515)			
Net Receivables	_\$	38,180			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets and related accumulated depreciation.

Constant and hairs demonstrated	<u>9/</u>	30/2015	<u>In</u>	creases	D	ecreases	9	/30/2016
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	314,195	\$	_	\$	_	\$	314,195
Construction in Progress	Ψ	63,517	Ψ	546,809	Ψ	(589,115)	•	21,211
Total capital assets not being depreciated		377,712		546,809		(589,115)		335,406
Other Capital Assets								
Buildings	1	1,683,536		649,130		-		12,332,666
Furniture, equipment & machinery		354,584		**		(219,114)		135,470
Total other capital assets	1	2,038,120		649,130	•	(219,114)		12,468,136
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings		8,653,770		395,988		-		9,049,758
Furniture, equipment & machinery		290,042		11,794		(219,114)		82,722
Total accumulated depreciation	***************************************	<u>8,937,964</u>	•	407,782		(219,114)		9,132,480
Capital Assets Net	\$	3,472,020	\$	848,172	\$	(589,115)	\$	3,671,062
Depreciation expense was charged to:								
Low Rent			\$	<u>259,534</u>				
State/Local			\$	139,586				
Business Activities			\$	8,662				

NOTE 9 – NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2016 is as follows:

	9/30/2015	Additions	Reductions	Amount due within one year	<u>9/30/2016</u>
Simrah Gardens Escrow	25,060	1	-	-	25,061
Tenant Organization Escrow	30,351	-	(829)	-	29,522
Pension Accrual	1,329,916	69,346	***	-	1,399,262
OPEB Liability	171,141	110,466	(33,552)		248,055
Total	<u>\$ 1,556,468</u>	\$ 179,813	\$ (34,381)	<u>s -</u>	\$ 1,701,900

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - REAL ESTATE TAXES

Property owned by the Authority is exempt from local real estate taxes. The Authority makes a payment in lieu of taxes equal to 10% of rental income charged less utility expenses annually for all of its properties constructed with and funded by HUD. State funded scattered site units make payments in lieu of real estate taxes equal to ½ of the Municipality's tax rate plus \$100 multiplied by the number of available bedrooms. The payment in lieu of taxes for the year ended September 30, 2016 aggregated \$34,884.

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description and Membership

The Authority provides pension benefits to certain employees through the Middlesex County Retirement System (MCRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system regulated by Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC). The plan is a defined benefit plan. Participation is mandatory for all full time employees of the Authority. The retirement plan is a pooled risk type of plan. Under this type of plan, funding is determined based on all employees covered for all employing units. The funding liabilities are shared by each employing unit pro-rata based on the number of employees in the employing unit. Since the Authority's share of pension liability is not based on their employees, pension expense is determined by the total required payment to be made to the retirement plan for the year. The MCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to MCRS, 25 Linnell Circle, Billerica, MA 01865 or by calling (978) 439-3000.

B. Significant Plan Provisions and Requirements

State law establishes benefit provisions and contribution requirements of the MCRS. Employees who have at least 10 years of longevity and have attained 55 years of age are eligible to receive retirement benefits. Retired employees receive an allowance based upon the average of their three highest consecutive salary years of service multiplied by (1) the number of years and full months of creditable service at the time of retirement and (2) a percentage based on age at retirement in accordance with a schedule provided by state law. Assuming normal retirement at age 65, this percentage is 2.5%, which is reduced for individuals who retire prior to age 65 to reflect the longer payout period. Employees may elect early retirement after 20 years of service or at any time after attaining age 55 with 10 years of eligible service. Plan members who become permanently and totally disabled may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance. The amount of benefits to be received depends on several factors, including the member's age, compensation, veteran status, years of creditable service, and whether or not the disability is work-related. In addition, certain death benefits exist for beneficiaries of employees who die in active service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

C. Funding Policy

Depending on their employment date, active Plan members must contribute either 5%, 7%, 8%, or 9% of their gross regular compensation. Members hired after December 31, 1978 must contribute an additional 2% of regular compensation in excess of \$30,000. These deductions earn interest at a rate determined by PERAC that vests based upon years of service. Member employers are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance benefits, except for certain cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) granted before July 1, 1998, which are reimbursed by the Commonwealth. The current and two preceding years' apportionment of the annual pension cost between the employers required the Authority to contribute approximately .1085% of the total. The Authority's required and actual contributions to MCRS for the year ended September 30, 2016 were \$91,213. Employee contributions for the same period were \$30,402.

D. Pension Liabilities

At September 30, 2016, the Authority reported a liability of \$1,399,262 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2014. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$109,030. At September 30, 2016, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of <u>lesources</u>	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		71,351		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		36,033
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		91,213		_
Total	<u>\$</u>	162,564	\$	36,033

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - (Continued)

These amounts will be recognized as expense, or as a reduction of expense, as follows:

	Outfl	Deferred ows/Inflows of
<u>Year</u>	j	Resources
2016	\$	100,318
2017		9,105
2018		9,105
2019		8,003
Total	\$	126,531

F. Actuarial Methods & Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	January 1, 2014					
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method					
Investment rate of return	7.875%					
Discount rate	7.875%					
Inflation	4.00%					
Salary increases	Varies by length of service with ultimate rates of 4.25% for Group 1, 4.50% for Group 2 and 4.75% for Group 4.					
Cost of living adjustments	3% of the first \$14,000 of retirement income.					
Mortality rates	Based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Tables, with adjustments for improvements based on Scale AA.					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

F. Actuarial Methods & Assumptions – (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

•	Expected	Target
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Allocation
Domestic equity	6.49%	19.60%
International developed markets equity	7.16%	15.60%
International emerging markets equity	9.46%	6.50%
Core fixed income	1.68%	15.30%
High-yield fixed income	4.76%	8.30%
Real estate	4.37%	9.90%
Commodities	4.13%	3.90%
Short-term government money market	1.11%	0.00%
Hedge fund, GTAA, Risk parity	3.60%	9.80%
Private equity	11.04%	11.10%

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.875 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the Authority will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.875 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6.875 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.875 percent) than the current rate:

1% Decrease <u>6.875%</u>		Current Discount <u>7.875%</u>	1% Increase <u>8.875%</u>		
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,680,245	\$ 1,399,262	\$ 1,159,978	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MCRS financial report.

J. Payables to the Pension Plan

As of September 30, 2016, the Authority had no outstanding payables to MCRS.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The Authority provides comprehensive medical insurance, both with and without Medicare coordination, and life insurance to its employees who meet certain eligibility requirements. Employees are eligible for postretirement benefits if he/she has reached the age of 55 as an active employee and completed 10 years of service.

All active employees who retire from the Authority and meet the eligibility criteria will receive these benefits. The duration of these benefits is for the employee's lifetime. Under this cost sharing plan, these benefits cover 20% of premiums for Medical for those who retire on or after 10/1/2009 (15% for those who retired after 7/1/1994 but before 10/1/2009, and 10% for all others) for both individuals and family members (percentages represent the employees' portion).

The face value of each life insurance policy is \$5,000. Life insurance benefits do not apply to family members, this benefit covers 20% of premiums for Medical for those who retire on or after 10/1/2009 (15% for those who retired after 7/1/1994 but before 10/1/2009, and 10% for all others) for individuals.

Currently, there are 3 active employees and 5 retired employees enrolled in the plan.

B. Funding Policy

The Authority is not required by law or contractual agreement to provide funding for the Plan other than the pay-as-you-go amount necessary to provide current benefits to retirees and eligible beneficiaries/dependents. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the Authority paid \$33,552 on behalf of the Plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount that was actuarially determined by using the Actuarial Cost Method (one of the actuarial cost methods in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45). Under this method, the normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are both based on an accrual of projected benefits over the period for which benefits are accrued. The normal cost is the actuarial present value of one year's benefit accrual on this basis. The actuarial accrued liability is the actuarial present value of the projected benefit time the ratio of past service to total service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - (Continued)

Under this method, the Actuarial Gains (losses) are calculated each year and amortized over the minimum and maximum periods allowed by law from the year of such gains or losses. All employees who are plan participants on a valuation date are included in the actuarial valuation. The following table shows the elements of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually paid on behalf of the plan, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation to the Plan for the year ending September 30, 2016:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 113,782
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	5,990
Adjustment to ARC	 (9,306)
Annual OPEB expense	110,466
Contributions made	 (33,552)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	76,914
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 171,141
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 248,055

D. Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 0.0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1.37 million and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1.37 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$293,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 468%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, shown as required supplementary information, presents the results of OPEB valuations as of October 1, 2015 and multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Valuation Date:

October 1, 2015

Discount Rate:

4.0% per annum (assuming no prefunding)

Mortality Rates:

RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – (Continued)

Withdrawal Rates: Plan participants are expected to withdraw from the plan at a decreasing rate, based

on years of service, from 15.0% at 1 year of service to 0% at 30 years of service.

Retirement Rates: Plan participants are expected to retire at an increasing rate based on age and gender.

Males are expected to retire at a rate of 1% for those aged 50 years, to 100% for those aged 70 years. Females are expected to retire at a rate of 1.5% for those aged

50 years, to 100% for those aged 70 years.

General Inflation

Assumption: 2.5% per annum

Annual Compensation

Increases: 3.0% per annum

Amortization

of UAAL: Amortized as level dollar amount over 30 years at last transition.

Remaining

Amortization Period: 27 years at October 1, 2012

Health Care Cost

Trend Rate: Covered medical expenses are assumed to increase at a decreasing rate, from 9% in

2010 to 5% in 2015.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Litigation

The Authority is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Claims covered by the risk management program are reviewed and losses are accrued as required in the judgment of management. In the opinion of management, based on the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Authority.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from the grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. If expenditures are disallowed as a result of these audits, the claims for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the Authority. In the opinion of management, any such adjustments would not be significant.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - IMPAIRMENT OF CAPITAL ASSETS

Government Accounting Standards Board's, Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries" requires certain note disclosures regarding impairments of capital assets. The Authority did not recognize any impairments of capital assets in fiscal year 2016.

NOTE 15 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Authority's state and federal programs are economically dependent on grants and annual contributions from DHCD and HUD, respectively. These programs operate at a loss prior to receiving these grants and contributions.

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the balance sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the Authority through June 16, 2017 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS For the period ended September 30, 2016

UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)	380%	375%	391%	378%	369%	468%		
Covered Payroll (c)	253,000	261,000	269,000	277,070	285,000	293,000		
Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	\$ %0	\$ %0	\$ %0	\$ %0	\$ %0	\$ %0		
Jnfunded AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	960,353	979,358	1,050,469	1,047,711	1,051,355	1,371,279		
Unft	69	€9	€9	↔	69	↔		
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit Credit (b)	\$ 960,353	\$ 979,358	\$ 1,050,469	\$ 1,047,711	\$ 1,051,355	\$ 1,371,279	ver Contributions	Jer Commission
Je	,			,		1	K.m.n.lo	
Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	69	€9	€>	↔	€>	€9	Schedule of Employ	TO AMPARACE
Actuarial Valuation Date	10/1/2010	10/1/2011	10/1/2012	10/1/2013	10/1/2014	10/1/2015		

55%	%09	%98	77%	%69	30%
41,369	44,617	58,151	52,026	46,705	33,552
69	↔	↔	↔	69	€9
75,837	74,916	67,354	67,493	67,768	113,782
€	€9	€9	↔	643	↔
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	\$ 75,837 \$ 41,369	\$ 75,837 \$ 41,369 \$ 74,916 \$ 44,617	\$ 75,837 \$ 41,369 \$ 74,916 \$ 44,617 \$ 67,354 \$ 58,151	\$ 75,837 \$ 41,369 \$ 74,916 \$ 44,617 \$ 67,354 \$ 58,151 \$ 67,493 \$ 52,026	2011 \$ 75,837 \$ 41,369 55% 2012 \$ 74,916 \$ 44,617 60% 2013 \$ 67,354 \$ 58,151 86% 2014 \$ 67,493 \$ 52,026 77% 2015 \$ 67,768 \$ 46,705 69%

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Middlesex County Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	(0.110705%	0.108468%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,329,916	\$ 1,399,262
Covered-employee payroll	\$	347,298	\$ 283,285
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		382.9%	493.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		47.65%	46.13%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Middlesex County Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Contractually required contribution	\$	65,711	\$	89,676	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		65,711		89,676	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	univ	\$		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	347,298	\$	283,285	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1	8.92%		31.66%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes effective September 30, 2016.

NOTE 2 – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

There were no changes effective September 30, 2016.



SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE September 30, 2016

	Total	1,160,960	64,411	1,961	1,233,332	34,661	859,846	4,033	(1,845)	(858,515)	38,180	33 978	,	1.305.440		314,195	12,332,666	135,470	(9,132,480)	21,211	3,671,062	3,671,062	162,564	5,139,066	5,217	15,875	11,622	125,350	7,961	15,798	78,595	22,358	,	282,776
	Eliminations			•	1		•		•		•	•	(118,134)	(118.134)		1	ı		•		ŀ	ŀ	1	(118,134)	•			,	•		•	1	(118,134)	(118,134)
	State/Local	374,730	47,309	196'1	430,000	34,661	1,331	3,397	(1,556)	-	37,833	9 491	118,134	595,458		260,160	4,738,896		(3,995,613)	21,211	1,024,654	1,024,654	88,862	1,708,974		10,197	7,446	72,738	7,961	14,931	ı	8,595	-	121,868
Business	Activities	36,378			36,378	1	858,515	-	ı	(858,515)	t	2 146	,	38.524		•	259,903	1	(68,019)	r	191,884	191,884		230,408			-	-	•	27	78,595	246	118,134	197,002
Housing Choice	Vouchers	76,619	9,828	1	86,447	-	ı	-		1	t	2.150	,	88.597		•		1	1	ı	•	1	15,527	104,124	5,217	1,362	646	1			1	1,031	-	8,256
	AMP 01	673,233	7.274		680,507		•	929	(586)	1	347	20 141		700.995		54,035	7,333,867	135,470	(5,068,848)	•	2,454,524	2,454,524	58,175	3,213,694		4,316	3,530	52,612		840	1	12,486	•	73,784
	Description	Cash - Unrestricted	Cash - Other Restricted	Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	Total Cash	Accounts Receivable - Other Government	Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	Accounts Receivable - Tenants	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	Prenaid Expenses and Other Assets	Inter Program Due From	Total Current Assets		Land	Buildings	Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	Accumulated Depreciation	Construction in Progress	Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Total Non-Current Assets	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	Accounts Pavable >90 Days Past Due	Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	Accounts Payable - Other Government	Tenant Security Deposits	Unearned Revenue	Other Current Liabilities	Accrued Liabilities - Other	Inter Program - Due To	Total Current Liabilities
FDS Line	Item		┢	114	100	124	125	126	Н	126.2	120	142	╁	╁	\vdash	191	162	163	166	167	160	180	200	290	313	321	322	333	341	342	345	346	347	310

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE September 30, 2016

	Total	54,583	1,647,317	1,701,900		1,984,676	36 033		3,671,061	9,828	(562,532)	3,118,357	5 139 066	200,000	994,956	994,956	1.141.848	339 483		447,325	163	257,275	009	3,181,650	199,835	10,600	210,121	9,237	1,680	68,648	500,121	47,813	147,686	33,606	229,105
	Eliminations	,	•			(118,134)	•			•	•	•	(118 134)	((2,5)	•	ı	-	•			•	•	•	1			•	1	,		,	,	•	•	
	State/Local	47,309	900,082	947,391		1,069,259	19 746		1,024,653	•	(404,684)	616,969	1 708 974		608,251	608,251		'		447,325	53	68,131	009	1,124,360	103,398	6,074	83,227	999	162	31,108	225,264	30,206	120,165		150,371
Business	Activities	1		1		197,002	,		191,884	-	(158,478)	33,406	230 408	001	31,704	31,704				ı	2	-	ı	31,706	 •	1	18	1	•	-	81	1	(92)	1	(62)
Housing Choice	Vouchers	ľ	161,200	161,200		169,456	3 459		1	9,828	(78,619)	(68,791)	104 124		•	1	860.886	•		ı	6	188,251	•	1,049,146	31,517	2,544	36,597	1,755	403	15,010	87,826	1	1	,	•
	AMP 01	7,274	586,035	593,309		667,093	17.878		2,454,524	ı	79,249	2,533,773	3 213 694		355,001	355,001	280.962	339 483		1	66	863		976,438	64,920	1,982	90,279	6,816	486	22,530	187,013	17,607	27,616	33,606	78,829
	Description	Non-current Liabilities - Other	Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	Total Non-Current Liabilities		Total Liabilities	Deferred Inflow of Recourses		Net Investment in Capital Assets	Restricted Net Position	Unrestricted Net Position	Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	Total I ich Daf Inflow of Bac and Ranity Not Accept / Docition	Total Liad, Doi Hittow of two, and Lyan) - two resources a control	Net Tenant Rental Revenue	Total Tenant Revenue	HIID PHA Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Capital Citation	Other Government Grants	Investment Income - Unrestricted	Other Revenue	Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	Total Revenue	Administrative Salaries	Auditing Fees	Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	Legal Expense	Travel	Other	Total Operating - Administrative	Water	Electricity	Gas	Total Utilities
FDS Line	Item	353	╁	┢	\vdash	300	400	+	508.4	┝	512.4	513	009	33	70300	00502	70600	╁		70800	├	71500	71600	70000	91100	91200	91500	91700	91800	⊢	91000	_	93200	93300	93000

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE September 30, 2016

STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL MODERNIZATION COSTS For the year ended September 30, 2016

Project:	MA06	5P091501-14	MA0	6P091501-15	MA0	1P091501-16
Modernization Funds Approved	\$	92,960	\$	102,761	\$	106,656
Modernization Funds Expended		92,960		102,761		106,656
Excess of Modernization Funds Approved	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	**	<u>\$</u>	_
Modernization Funds Advanced	\$	92,960	\$	102,761	\$	106,656
Modernization Funds Expended		92,960		102,761		106,656
Excess of Modernization Funds Advanced	\$	-	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	_

Based on our review of the completed projects:

- 1) All work in connection with the projects is complete.
- 2) All liabilities have been incurred and discharged through payment.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2016

Federal Financial Assistance Expenditures	280,962 339,483	339 483	1,141,848	1,481,331
Federal Financial Assistance <u>Received</u>	\$ 280,962 \$ 339,483	339 483	1,141,848	\$ 1,481,331 \$
Pass-Through <u>Agency</u>	Z/Z A/Z	N/A	' '	it
Direct <u>Award</u>	Yes Yes	Yes		
Research & Development	N/A N/A	N/A		
Major <u>Program</u>	No Yes	°Z		
CFDA Number	14.850 14.872	14.871		
	Department of Housing and Urban Development Low Rent Public Housing Public Housing Capital Fund Program	Housing Choice Voucher Program Total Major Programs	Total Non-Major Programs	Total All Programs

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS September 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Hudson Housing Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2016. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Hudson Housing Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Hudson Housing Authority.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the Hudson Housing Authority did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed in the Uniform Guidance, section 414.

NOTE 4 – OTHER ASSISTANCE

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the Hudson Housing Authority did not receive or expend federal awards in the form of non-cash assistance, insurance, or loans or loan guarantees, nor were there any loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Hudson Housing Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the Hudson Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audits, we considered the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hudson Housing Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016-001.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Braintree, Massachusetts

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June 16, 2017



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hudson Housing Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Hudson Housing Authority's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016. The Hudson Housing Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Hudson Housing Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Hudson Housing Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hudson Housing Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Hudson Housing Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016.



Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Hudson Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Braintree, Massachusetts

Juyder Hirley

June 16, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2016

I. Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

- 1. Type of report issued on the financial statements Qualified
- 2. The report on internal control over financial reporting did not disclose any material weaknesses.
- 3. The report on internal control over financial reporting did not disclose any significant deficiencies.
- 4. The report on compliance did disclose instances of non-compliance material to the financial statements.

Federal Programs

- 5. Type of report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified
- 6. The report on internal control over major programs did not disclose any material weaknesses.
- 7. The report on internal control over major programs did not disclose any significant deficiencies.
- 8. There are no audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- 9. Major federal assistance programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The dollar threshold to distinguish type A and type B programs was \$750,000.
- 10. The following programs were tested as major programs in accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance:

CFDA Number

Public Housing Capital Fund Program

14.872

- 11. The auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee.
- 12. The prior audit report did not disclose any findings or questioned costs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2016

II. Findings related to the Financial Statements which are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS

Finding 2016-001- Compliance - GASB 68 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

<u>Criteria</u>

In financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, a single or agent employer that does not have a special funding situation is required to recognize a liability equal to the net pension liability. The net pension liability is required to be based on a valuation report conducted within thirty months and a day of the employer's fiscal year end.

Condition and Context

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that pension assets and liabilities be based on a valuation report conducted no earlier than thirty months and one day prior to the Authority's reporting date of September 30, 2016. The Authority is currently reporting these assets and liabilities based on a valuation date of January 1, 2014.

Effect or Potential Effect

The amount by which this departure could potentially affect the deferred inflows and outflows, liabilities, net position, and expenses of the Authority has not been determined. As a result, the financial statements may be materially misstated.

Cause

The Middlesex County Retirement System has not conducted a valuation to be in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Recommendation

The Authority should encourage the Middlesex County Retirement System to conduct the required valuation report within a timeframe that will allow the Authority to produce financial statements in accordance with GAAP

Auditee's Response and Planned Corrective Action

The Authority has and will continue to encourage the Middlesex County Retirement System to provide the required valuation report within a timeframe that will allow the Authority to produce financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Planned Implementation Date of Corrective Action: September 30, 2017 Person Responsible for Corrective Action: Julie Torres, Executive Director

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2016

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards which shall include Audit Findings as defined in paragraph 200.516(a) - NONE